

...and he has received his first
work. This is his second
... ..

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

PUBLISHED BY THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO., JOSEPH FULTON, President.

Entered as the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class matter, March 10, 1879.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.
One year, postage paid, \$10.00
Six months, postage paid, \$6.00
Three months, postage paid, \$3.50
One month, postage paid, \$1.00
By the week delivered by carrier, 25 cts.
By the week delivered by mail, 30 cts.
Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor on us by reporting the same to the office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.
One year, postage paid, \$1.00
Six months, postage paid, .60
Three months, postage paid, .35
One month, postage paid, .10
All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market Street.

TWELVE PAGES.

SAURDAY, APRIL 5, 1884.

CIRCULATION OF THE POST-DISPATCH.

OFFICE OF THE POST-DISPATCH, 515 AND 517 MARKET ST., ST. LOUIS, MARCH 24, 1884.

We, each of us, the undersigned, do solemnly swear that the following is a true and correct statement of the actual, regular and bona fide circulation of the daily St. Louis Post-Dispatch for the seven days of publication ending with March 22, 1884:

March 13.....	21,600
March 14.....	21,600
March 15.....	21,600
March 16.....	21,600
March 17.....	21,600
March 18.....	21,600
March 19.....	21,600
March 20.....	21,600
March 21.....	21,600
March 22.....	21,600

Total..... 216,000

AVERAGE PER DAY - 30,952

JOHN A. DILLON, Editor.
IGNAZ KAPFNER, Business Manager.

D. W. WOODS, Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 24th day of March, 1884. My commission expires April 17, 1887.

BENJ. A. SUFFAN, Notary Public.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

O-Mrs. Langtry: "A Wife's Peril."
"Reception Party: "Pop."
"Confession."

St. James.
LORD-BAYLES & Kennedy's Bright Light.
ANDERSON'S THEATRE COMIQUE-Variety Opera.
ST. DINE THEATRE-10 to 10 p. m.

ALL good men and true, the members of House of Delegates.

The House of Delegates repudiates with scorn the imputation that any of its members could be bribed.

The little arrangement made by the House of Delegates with the firm of SULLIVAN and TRACY ought to be looked into.

This is a campaign year, but the indications are that the people of this country are taking more interest in base ball than politics.

With wheat down to eighty-five cents, it is going to be mighty hard work to persuade the farmer that the tariff on his winter overcoat and his wife's Sunday dress is exactly the proper thing.

In former times curious and clumsy machines called sprinkling wagons were seen on the streets of St. Louis. It would be a great pleasure to the people if they could be permitted to see these machines again.

GLADSTONE is again threatened with an adverse vote between the dissensions in his Cabinet and the fierceness of the opposition and personal bad health he will probably not be sorry if the vote next Monday goes against him.

DELEGATE COSSMAN booted the Democratic party when his father-in-law was bounced from a small office, but returned to the party when his father-in-law was restored from a selfish and sordid age it is refreshing to see a great statesman turning aside amid the cares of office to see that his wife's relatives do not suffer.

One of the plain duties which Congress owes to itself is to investigate the disposition made of the \$22,500 used by the guileless aborigines from the Indian Nation in securing the payment of the \$300,000 recently appropriated by Congress. The report of the agent shows that the money was paid to somebody. It could not have been paid for any honest purpose, and Congress cannot afford to leave the racially business unexplained.

The advance in assessments in the city has not interfered with an advance in real estate, in which the activity is in great contrast with general dullness elsewhere. All that St. Louis needs now is good streets, and though it will take some time and a great deal of money to carry out the general plan of reconstruction, there is almost a certainty that St. Louis will soon be a clean, well-paved city—a consummation we all have reason to wish.

It is impossible to tell what truth there is in the stories of the falling health of the Emperor of Germany, and editors are "glaringly" have learned to be suspicious of the prospective dissolutions of public characters. The cases of GORTSCHAKOFF, PRUS the Ninth and other great men whose names are decorated editorial pigeon-holes for years have shown that a public personage may be at death's door and yet refuse to be. Kaiser WILHELM comes of tough and sturdy stock, and has maintained an exceptional physical vigor to an old age which is not exceptional. There is no physical reason why he should not live ten years yet. His would undoubtedly lead to important changes, as the Crown Prince is said to dissent from his father's opinions on many points of policy.

One of the most cheerful exhibitions of a scandalousness in modern times is the reply made by Peru to England. The object of the nitrate and guano beds,

The sum and substance of the whole matter is that Peru mortgaged this property to her creditors to secure the payment of money borrowed and received by Peru, and now transfers the property to Chili. When England remonstrates, the Peruvian Government protests that, in swindling its creditors, it merely exercises the right of self-government; that it has no knowledge who are or who are not its creditors, but that they are private individuals, and it does not recognize the right of Great Britain to interfere, when the victims of its rapacity are merely English citizens. Inasmuch as Chili is a partner in the deal and is now in possession of the stolen property, the chances are that England will drop Peru and pay its attention to Chili. The latter country may yet find itself in about the same fix as its dishonest congener, Egypt.

LOW PRICES.

May wheat sold down to 8 1/4 in Chicago yesterday and closed at 8 1/2, the lowest price for years. There were rumors of panic and heavy failures in London and of contracts to deliver wheat in Liverpool at \$1. Other food products sympathized with the downward movement. It seemed that the bottom had fallen out, and many are the theories as to the meaning, the causes and consequences of this tumble in prices.

It simply means that, with peace and fair crops in Europe, and with Chili, the Argentine Republic and India entering into competition with us, our grain trade has been holding up prices as if we had no competitors, but the tillers of high-priced land in Europe, until at last the spring prospect for immense crops and a huge surplus this year has taken all the nerve out of the dealers, and no longer confident of their ability to control prices in Liverpool, they are anticipating even lower prices than will probably prevail. Some of them hold that the rapid extension of the railways in India, the cheap labor of that country, and the rapidly increasing cultivation of the pampas of South America, together with the general cheapening of transportation by sea and by land, bid us prepare for a range of prices in provisions and breadstuffs permanently lower in the old world markets than was ever known before—a range so low as to cut down our exports of wheat at least to the surplus raised only on our lands that are cheapest, freshest and most favorably located with respect to transportation.

Of course there is a limit to the European wheat market, and hardly any limit to the productive capacity of our country, and we therefore cannot expect to keep up the recent prices while our surplus production is increasing as it has done for years past. But famines are more frequent than surplus crops in India; the Indian railways have not yet dumped any great supply of wheat into the markets; harvest hands are still few in the South American pampas, where the live stock business is easier and more profitable; and between now and the next harvest there is no telling what disappointment may await our anticipations as to the crops, nor what accidents or rumors of war may occur to boom the markets. On the other hand, we have the consolation of knowing that, even with low prices, abundant food products make business active and lay the foundation for a general prosperity in which the farmers have their share even while grumbling at low prices. The latter will teach them how liable they are to suffer from the over-production of any one thing, and that they must diversify their crops and rely upon stock raising and feeding rather than upon grain-selling for their profits.

THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.

The statement of circulation which stands at the head of these columns shows that the Post-Dispatch has attained a growth without precedent in the annals of St. Louis journalism.

It is our proud boast that our circulation each day exceeds that of any other daily paper published in St. Louis.

While this growth is marvelous in itself, the explanation of it is not difficult. The Post-Dispatch is taken by the people because it is emphatically the people's paper.

The one object of its management has been, while neglecting no department of news or journalism, to identify the paper with the people, to make their interests its chief care, to defend their rights, to expose and denounce every wrong done them and every iniquity attempted, to hold all public officers and institutions to a strict account, and to deal openly and fearlessly, without thought of compromise, favoritism, or palliation with all public questioners.

It is not worth while to recapitulate the instances in which the Post-Dispatch has made itself the defender of the popular cause. Its record in that respect is well known. We refer to it not in any spirit of self-praise, but because we feel that it is only in this way that we can make adequate return for a prosperity which is attested by the figures of our circulation and by the crowded condition of our advertising columns.

LAKE-SIDE MUSINGS.

It would sound like a wild assertion to say that we could pick out of the columns of a newspaper of to-day the matter of a book worthy to take its place with the works of ARISTOPHANES, of RABELAIS and CERVANTES. Yet, out of the Chicago Tribune, Mr. TEN ETOR WHITE, the author of "Lake-side Musings" (Rand, McNally & Co.), has produced a book whose healthy and resistless humor has pricked and emptied, we hope forever, that malarious social bubble, the sentimental novel.

It is a good book. To many its taste is bitter-like quinine—but not less healthful therefor. It is merciless in its scorn and contempt for the namby-pamby sentiment,

whose tone it has caught so accurately; there is at times a grating ferocity in the way it rends and tears the literary trills and millinery which make the stock in trade of the society novelist of to-day. But in mowing down weeds, the sharper the scythe and the swifter its sweep, the better its work is done.

Essays have been written by the thousand against the reading of the trash of fiction. All teachers warn their scholars against it; the pulpit thunders against it; parents adjudge their children by every known inducement to desist. But the vice of novel reading keeps pace with cigarette smoking and kindred luxuries of the social hot-house we call modern society. Where all other remedies fail, we are inclined to think that a dose of "Lake-side Musings" will be effective. No one who has entered into the anguish of Gwendoline Mahaffy and swelled with the pride of Pizarro Maginnis will ever care to waste time thereafter in the mild and insipid efforts of the feeble novelists, whose tricks have been so deftly caught by the author of "Lake-side Musings."

SATURDAY CHAT.

BARDOLPH has a great fondness for wrestling matches, but he should so time them in his plays that the heroine may be properly attired for muscular exertion. It is scarcely the right thing to compel a woman in a fragile evening dress to give a catch-as-catch-can exhibition for several rounds. This thoughtlessness on the playwright's part put Mr. Langtry's presence at the theatre to a severe test on Thursday night. After the encounter with Captain Bradford, the victorious beauty sat with one arm thrown back against the balcony doors, and with the other fumbling in an unaccountable way between the floor and herself for a longer time than common circumstances warranted. It would have passed off as a passing epiphany, had it not been that a sounder rap on the outside made action imperative before the "thing" was fixed, and as the lady dashed out of the door with an "Oh coming," there was a snaky back round a foot or two in extent between a bunch of collapsed satin and her belt-line. A rather prolonged wait before the actress appeared and a nervous hush or two afterwards were more pleasing to his young wife, had changed a "Oh" into a "G," making himself younger by two years, and also inserted the particle implying nobility before his name. The wife testified that the changes made no difference to her, as she had married the General for love; but the law allows the wife to be divorced on the ground that the husband deceived her, and one member of the court was compelled to assess the minimum punishment. The ex-Carlisle will have to pay for his vanity by two years' imprisonment.

The local Council of Malta is greatly exercised over the question as to what shall be the official language of the Government. English has heretofore enjoyed that distinction, but one member of the Council does not understand English, and hence the difficulty has arisen. Besides this, there are several parties in the Council. One of them wants the Italian made the official language of the island, and both Maltese and English placed under the same in the schools. Another party desires that there be no language, but the English officials refuse to yield to the demand of either. The English Secretary is willing to place the Italian and English languages on an equal footing in the schools, retaining English in the Council, and giving the native Maltese tongue the preference in instruction, as the people do not like kindly to any other but their own tongue. An interpreter has been offered the ignorant councillor, as a solution of his difficulty.

M. GRANDIDIER, a young French explorer, has exploded the prevailing idea that the interior of Madagascar is covered with immense forests. All of the charts which have been made of the island hitherto have been erroneous in this respect. The explorer discovered that the whole eastern part is a vast tract of highlands, rising to a height of 4,000 feet, bare of trees and covered with coarse herbage. The Western part is a plain, covered also with grass. Probably one of the things which gave rise to the erroneous impression concerning the interior is the fact that nearly the entire island is encircled by a belt of timber.

The attempt to establish a regular communication by steamer between the Northern European ports and the north coast of Siberia has failed, and in consequence settlements which had been founded in Siberia on the River Yenisei have been given up. A steamship which had been especially constructed for the voyage has only succeeded in crossing the Polar sea one time in six years, and it is probable that all the craft bought by a Bremen firm for the purpose will be sold. Large amounts of grain have been stored at the settlements for shipment and great hardships will result to the settlers.

An inquiry has been petitioned for by a number of English tea and coffee planters, to the effect of the Government to the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in India. Intemperance in that portion of the British Empire is said to be largely on the increase, and it is also asserted that the Government regulations tend to foster and encourage the use of spirituous liquors rather than to diminish it. The Secretary of State for India has promised to give the matter careful attention.

Democratic Banquet.
From the Chicago News.
The banquet of the Democratic club of this city was held at the Hotel de France last night. The club banquet to be given on the 18th instant. Banquets on the Half-Shell, a Bill Eaton. Barly Soup, a la Tilden.

New York Sunday.
Shark, a la McLean.
Codfish, a la McLean.
Western Free-Trade Suckers.
Water Suckers, with Charles A. Dana Sauce.
Horizontal-Travel Stew.

Democratic Brouil in Every Style.
Ohio Mutton. Pork, a la Bismarck.
Lettuce Salad, with Standard Oil.
November Crow. Springer Chickens.
Tariff Goose, with Democratic Pickles.
Old Chestnuts, etc., etc.
Wind Pudding, a la Charles Harrison.
Taffy, etc.

Beware of Pitfalls!
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
The iteration which is given the idea that Mr. Tilden may at the last have the use of his name without a meaning and purpose. It is a part of the scheme of the squad of Protectionists, who serve under Mr. Chairman Barnum, to set and hold possession of the National Convention. Their plan is to stifle discussion, to restrain expression of preference and to keep everything in abeyance until they are ready and on the ground with their machinery and money.

MEMORANDUM.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
The iteration which is given the idea that Mr. Tilden may at the last have the use of his name without a meaning and purpose. It is a part of the scheme of the squad of Protectionists, who serve under Mr. Chairman Barnum, to set and hold possession of the National Convention. Their plan is to stifle discussion, to restrain expression of preference and to keep everything in abeyance until they are ready and on the ground with their machinery and money.

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

a thin stream of water run under their heads. The water trickling under the base of the babies' brains, induces sleep at once. This would undoubtedly be a most efficient and excellent plan to deal mothers, fathers, relatives and neighbors of the nuisance of crying infants, if adopted in the glorious climate of St. Louis. The medical societies should act at once and recommend it.

THE WEEK ABROAD.

WRITING for the stage, when it is clearly managed, is becoming one of the most profitable modes of exercising one's brain. It pays well everywhere, but especially does it seem to bring excellent returns in France. Some one has glanced over the balance sheet of M. Georges Ohnet for his play of "Le Maître de Forges." He has received 12 per cent on the receipts for a hundred representations at the Gymnase, which amounts to 13,160. Besides this he had 50,000 francs of the sale of the manuscript in Belgium, Italy, Austria and America brought 40,000, making a total of 115,160. In this sum the receipts from performances in France outside of Paris are not counted. Out of the novel from which the piece is dramatized the author received not less than 26,000. Altogether it is estimated that the first year's earnings for the author from the novel and play will not be less than 400,000.

PEOPLE who are fond of turtle soup, but who are not willing to pay exorbitant prices for the delicacy will watch with interest an experiment which is about to be attempted in the way of raising turtles in captivity and raising them as domestic animals. The regions selected for the trial are parts of the coast of Provence, Algeria and Corsica, where the necessary conditions of sandy soil and pure water are to be found. The promoters of the scheme are confident of success, in view of the fact that chickens and fish are artificially hatched, and that oysters are raised as it is proposed to raise turtles.

A CERTIFICATE of baptism is a very sacred document in France, and tampering with it constitutes a serious offense, punishable with penal servitude. A rather curious case has recently come up under the law for the protection of public records. General Segarra, an ex-Carlisle, procured a person for blackmail, but the case took on a startling twist by which the prisoner was set free and the prosecutor was placed in the dock.

The General was married last week to a French lady, and, prompted by a desire to render himself more pleasing to his young wife, had changed a "G" into a "G," making himself younger by two years, and also inserted the particle implying nobility before his name. The wife testified that the changes made no difference to her, as she had married the General for love; but the law allows the wife to be divorced on the ground that the husband deceived her, and one member of the court was compelled to assess the minimum punishment. The ex-Carlisle will have to pay for his vanity by two years' imprisonment.

The local Council of Malta is greatly exercised over the question as to what shall be the official language of the Government. English has heretofore enjoyed that distinction, but one member of the Council does not understand English, and hence the difficulty has arisen. Besides this, there are several parties in the Council. One of them wants the Italian made the official language of the island, and both Maltese and English placed under the same in the schools. Another party desires that there be no language, but the English officials refuse to yield to the demand of either. The English Secretary is willing to place the Italian and English languages on an equal footing in the schools, retaining English in the Council, and giving the native Maltese tongue the preference in instruction, as the people do not like kindly to any other but their own tongue. An interpreter has been offered the ignorant councillor, as a solution of his difficulty.

M. GRANDIDIER, a young French explorer, has exploded the prevailing idea that the interior of Madagascar is covered with immense forests. All of the charts which have been made of the island hitherto have been erroneous in this respect. The explorer discovered that the whole eastern part is a vast tract of highlands, rising to a height of 4,000 feet, bare of trees and covered with coarse herbage. The Western part is a plain, covered also with grass. Probably one of the things which gave rise to the erroneous impression concerning the interior is the fact that nearly the entire island is encircled by a belt of timber.

The attempt to establish a regular communication by steamer between the Northern European ports and the north coast of Siberia has failed, and in consequence settlements which had been founded in Siberia on the River Yenisei have been given up. A steamship which had been especially constructed for the voyage has only succeeded in crossing the Polar sea one time in six years, and it is probable that all the craft bought by a Bremen firm for the purpose will be sold. Large amounts of grain have been stored at the settlements for shipment and great hardships will result to the settlers.

An inquiry has been petitioned for by a number of English tea and coffee planters, to the effect of the Government to the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in India. Intemperance in that portion of the British Empire is said to be largely on the increase, and it is also asserted that the Government regulations tend to foster and encourage the use of spirituous liquors rather than to diminish it. The Secretary of State for India has promised to give the matter careful attention.

Democratic Banquet.
From the Chicago News.
The banquet of the Democratic club of this city was held at the Hotel de France last night. The club banquet to be given on the 18th instant. Banquets on the Half-Shell, a Bill Eaton. Barly Soup, a la Tilden.

New York Sunday.
Shark, a la McLean.
Codfish, a la McLean.
Western Free-Trade Suckers.
Water Suckers, with Charles A. Dana Sauce.
Horizontal-Travel Stew.

Democratic Brouil in Every Style.
Ohio Mutton. Pork, a la Bismarck.
Lettuce Salad, with Standard Oil.
November Crow. Springer Chickens.
Tariff Goose, with Democratic Pickles.
Old Chestnuts, etc., etc.
Wind Pudding, a la Charles Harrison.
Taffy, etc.

Beware of Pitfalls!
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
The iteration which is given the idea that Mr. Tilden may at the last have the use of his name without a meaning and purpose. It is a part of the scheme of the squad of Protectionists, who serve under Mr. Chairman Barnum, to set and hold possession of the National Convention. Their plan is to stifle discussion, to restrain expression of preference and to keep everything in abeyance until they are ready and on the ground with their machinery and money.

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating, fearless, laughing, voracious little beast in all ages and in all countries."

THE BABY GOES ON FOREVER.
From the Louisville Courier-Journal.
There is one thing about babies," said a recent traveler, "they never change. We have girls of the period, men of the world; but the baby is the same self-perpetuating

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

A. H. Robbins, Boston, is at the Lindell.
 E. A. Foss and wife, Canton, Mo., are at the St. James.
 Allan C. Wylie, London, is registered at the Southern.
 Hon. Logan H. Roals of Arkansas is at the Southern.
 F. H. Chamberlain, Holyoke, Mass., is at the Southern.
 Hon. Wm. A. Sparks, Carlyle, Ill., is at the Planter.
 A. E. Marteney and wife, St. Joseph, Mo., are at the Laclede.
 Dr. A. H. Cartwright and wife, Sedalia, are at the Hotel Barium.
 A. J. Evans, San Antonio, and H. F. Hastings, Toledo, are at the Planter.
 A. W. Train, Cleveland, and C. P. Kine, New York, are at the Hotel Barium.
 G. P. H. Bector, Vicksburg, Miss., and S. L. Ellis, Nashville, are at the Lindell.
 A. J. Weir, Neosho; B. J. Goldboro, Kansas City, and E. A. Hadley, St. Paul, are at the Laclede.
 E. F. Bradley and wife, Philadelphia; G. S. Cole, New York, and W. W. Peabody, New Orleans, are at the St. James.
 C. N. Lucas, Kansas City; Jno. A. Herbers, Memphis, Tenn.; Rev. Thomas H. Evans, Philadelphia, Pa., and E. H. Tuttle, New York, are at the Hotel Hunt.
 Judge George W. Herdman, Jerseyville, Ill.; Col. S. S. Foster and family, Alton, Ill.; Miss Susan Mitchell and Miss Jessie Adams, Nashville, Ill., are at Hurst's.
 Dr. J. E. Anderson, Indianapolis; F. H. Barry, Chicago; Henry Weaver, Cincinnati, Ohio; H. Hilmyer, Marion, Ohio, and John Evans, Burlington, Iowa, are at the Moser Hotel.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In dry goods and notions Monday, April 7, at John Neun & Co.'s, 1205 and 1207 South Broadway.

Rainy Weather.

The weather is cloudy in the northwest and southwest and generally in the Mississippi Valley to-day. According to the usual service observations, indications for rain within the next twenty-four hours are good.

Nearly six hundred students have attended the Bryant & Stratton Business and Short-hand School since last September.

To the "Pen."

Wm. Goate and Henry Heinzel went to the Penitentiary this morning from the Criminal Court. Goate is under sentence of two years for burglary and Heinzel for the same term for grand larceny.

Attractions.

Burrell, Comstock & Co. are adding daily to their already attractive stock of fine furniture many new novelties. Purchasers will find their stock fresh and clean and prices at the very bottom.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In dry goods and notions Monday, April 7, at John Neun & Co.'s, 1205 and 1207 South Broadway.

DIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

ALBRIGHT—On the 4th inst., LULU, daughter of Theodore C. and Nelly Albright, aged 2 years, 8 months and 14 days.

BEVIN—April 3, 1884, JAMES F. BEVIN, at 6:20 a. m.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

RODMAN—On Thursday, April 3, at 3:15 p. m., HENRY K. RODMAN, aged 47 years, 10 months and 9 days.

Funeral on Sunday, April 6, at 3 p. m., from his late residence, 413 Easton avenue, near Taylor avenue, to St. Peter's Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

ROIDE—Beloved wife of J. B. Roide, Thursday, April 3, at 12 m., after a lingering illness, at the age of 61.

Funeral will take place from the residence, No. 2013 Market street, on Sunday, the 6th, at 2 p. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

DO YOU LIKE

GOOD BREAD?



See that this Label with the horse is on every Loaf you buy.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE ELKS' BENEFIT

Will Take Place at the

Grand Opera House

Thursday, April 17,

At 1:30 P. M.

WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY
 THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN
FINE FURNITURE
 Manufactured by the best factories in this country. We are offering these goods at a slight advance over **FACTORY PRICES**. Call and Examine our Elegant Stock of **PARLOR and BED-ROOM FURNITURE**, as well as our line of **ANTIQUÉ GOODS**, the most unique ever shown.
BARNES & WIEDERHOLDT,
 FIFTH AND LOCUST STREETS, OPPOSITE MERCANTILE LIBRARY.

Parties
 Wishing to Purchase Plants
 This Season
 Would Do Well to Send for our
64-Page Illustrated Catalogue,
 Mailed Free to All Applicants.
 Established 1865.

Partial View of Green Houses and Nursery Grounds, devoted entirely to the growing of Plants and Cut Flowers. The most complete in the West.
C. YOUNG & SONS, 1406 OLIVE STREET.

Plants
 Shipped To All Parts of the Country and
 Guaranteed
 To arrive in good order when sent by Express.
 Personal attention to Mail Orders.

THOS. SEXTON & CO.
 Agents for Van's Patent Wrought Iron Ranges
 Hotel & Family Ranges
 Choice line of Hot Water and Coffee Urns
 ALSO A FULL LINE OF
 Cooking Stoves, Ice-Boxes and Refrigerators
608 MARKET ST.
PAINTING!
 House and Sign Work.
MULLEN & HOPPIUS,
 Telephone No. 351. 114 Olive st.
JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
 204 N. WALNUT ST. BE. 124 AND 125

CEDAR CHESTS!
 "TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK,"
 And save your Furs and Woolen Clothes from the Moths by packing them in these Moth-Proof Chests. They will save their cost in one season. They are well made, nicely finished; have good lock and key.
Simmons Hardware Co.
 ESTABLISHED 1868
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING
 SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.
 Dyeing.
 Coat.....\$1.00
 Pants.....\$1.00
 Suits.....\$2.00
 (North Sixth st. bet. Market and Chestnut)
 Orders by mail promptly answered to.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.
 With this remedy persons can cure themselves with out the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine combines with the blood and is the most perfect in the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price, \$1 a bottle.

L. F. HARRISMAN.
HARRISMAN & CULLINANE,
 Livery Stable Keepers and Undertakers
 2618 to 2624 Morgan Street.
 Telephone No. 351.

WM. CULLINANE

AMUSEMENTS
GREGORY'S FIFTH STREET MUSEUM.
 LAST WEEK OF
MR. I. W. SPRAGUE,
 The Living Skeleton—perfectly healthy—without one ounce of flesh upon his entire body.
 Prof. Feggetter's Amusing Shadowgraphs,
 With complete collection of Museum Features both New and Wonderful. An entire change of Performance on Stage. Open Daily, 1 to 10 p. m. One Dime Admits to all Departments.
EDWARDS' THEATRE COMIQUE,
 606, 608, 610 and 612 South Fourth Street.
BRAVO BRAVISSIMO!
 BE IT UNDERSTOOD, that we are at present giving an entertainment that is recherche, grand and instructive, as well as entertaining, presenting none but artists of recognized ability, and introducing them in such rapid succession that it forms in its entirety a veritable panorama of excellence.
 Every Evening at 8:15. Sunday Matinee at 2:30 p. m. Admission—Box Seats, 50c; Orchestra Reserves, 35c; Parquette Circle, 25c; Balcony Circle, 15c.
 Family Matinee Tuesday and Friday at 2:30 p. m.

ST. LOUIS MUSICAL FESTIVAL.
MINNIE HAUKE
 AND HER ENTIRE OPERATIC TROUPE.
 MYRON W. WHITNEY, America's Favorite Basso.
 HENRY SHAW MUSICAL SOCIETY, 200 Voices.
 Orchestra of 75 Picked Musicians. Two Nights at Natatorium Hall, MAY 7 and 8; One Night at Pope's Theater, MAY 9.
 AUGUST WALDAUER, Conductor.

AMUSEMENTS.
POPE'S
 LAST TWO Performances.
 Matinee at 2. Night at 8. Matinee prices 25, 50 and 75c.
CONFUSION,
 By John Steison's Company, preceded by Old Love-Letters.
 Monday, April 6.—The German Tragedienne, MAGDA IRSCHICK.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
 At the Matinee To-Day and To-Night.
RICE'S SURPRISE PARTY
 In the Musical Comedy Mosaic, entitled
P-O-P,
 Introducing the charming comedienne, Kate Castleton, and a coterie of sterling artists.
 Sunday, April 6, Matinee at 2. Night at 8. "Wanted—A Partner."
STANDARD THEATER.
 Matinee this afternoon at 2 o'clock. 25 cents to all parts of the theater.
BAYLIS & KENNEDY'S
BRIGHT LIGHTS.
 Grand Old, Wonderful, Wonderful, Wonderful.
 Sunday, April 6.—Pat Rooney.
 Thursday afternoon, April 10.—Colossal Amusement Festival.
GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
 'HAVE I YOUR EYE?'
 This Sunday Night and During the Week. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.
 Barton Comedy Company
 In the new Musical and Comical Peculiarity of
WANTED—A PARTNER
 In which Robert E. Graham, John Gilbert, James B. Radcliffe, Harry Fyffe, Ezra F. Kendall, John E. Nash and Joe Ott will appear, aided by the Misses Helen Lowell, Emily Maynard and Sophie Hummel.
WANTED—A PARTNER
 Man for 50 consecutive nights in New York City.
 Graham is seen to the best advantage in his triline imitations of Harriet, Emmett and Henry Irving. Radcliffe's clear song and harmonica solos are wonderful specialties.
 Gilbert is fearless in his eccentricities and the ladies are bright, pretty and vivacious. While the varied spots of the whole affair is most enjoyable.
 Next Sunday—HAYLEY'S MASTON MINSTRELS.
COOK'S THIRD ANNUAL EXCURSION TO CALIFORNIA.
 Leaves St. Louis May 14, 1884. Fullman cars, hotel expenses and all necessities included. A visit to the Yosemite Valley and special journeys among the mountains. Everything first-class. Programmes free.
J. P. WHITE & CO.,
 Corner 5th and Pine st., St. Louis.
STANDARD.
 Colossal Amusement Festival.
 Thursday Afternoon, April 10.
 BENEFIT OF GEO. W. REED, Stage Director.
 Admission 50 and 25 cents. Seats and tickets can now be secured.
 By kind courtesy of the different managers of all the St. Louis theaters and combinations, will appear Peck's Bad Boy Co., Queen's Evidence Co., Pat Rooney's Co., J. E. Marshall's Troupe, Comedy Co., Joseph Zouaves and 100 other talented artists. All the ladies and gentlemen of above companies have volunteered their valuable services.
MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL.
 WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 3.
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER
 HIS LAST LECTURE IN ST. LOUIS.
 "The Great Lesson of His Life, Entitled—
 "Evolution and Revolution."
 Henry Ward Beecher, the greatest preacher of the age.
 Henry Ward Beecher, the marvelous orator, whose sermons are world-wide.
 Henry Ward Beecher, pastor of Plymouth Church, has preached to four groups every Sunday for 25 years. Henry Ward Beecher, without him the world would be poorer. Henry Ward Beecher, the man loved by millions of friends. Henry Ward Beecher, religiously persecuted, but not out down, by persecutions, enemies, Henry Ward Beecher, the invulnerable target of four hundred hunters.
 The last opportunity to hear him in St. Louis. Tickets, with reserved seats, 50c.
BARTOLD'S GROVE,
 Manchester Road.
 Eight miles from the Court House, near Laclede Station, Missouri Pacific R. R.
 This large and beautiful grove, with two elegant dancing pavilions, is now open for picnics, concerts and other diversions, at reasonable terms.
 Address:
EDWARD BARTOLD,
 Bartold's Grove, Mo., or Telephone No. 178, St. Louis, Mo.

AMUSEMENTS.
PLAY!
 UNION
 BASE-BALL PARK
 OPENING GAME
SUNDAY,
 APRIL 6,
UNIONS
 VS.
UNION RESERVES.
 ADMISSION:
 Twenty-Five Cents All Around.
 Game Called at 3 O'Clock.
EDWARDS' THEATRE COMIQUE,
 606, 608, 610 and 612 S. Fourth St.
 16 SPECIALTY ARTISTS 16
 In a Select Olio and a
PANORAMA OF IRELAND.
 Admissions—Box seats, 50c; orchestra reserves, 35c; parquette circle, 25c; balcony, 15c.
 Matinee every Tuesday, Friday and Sunday at 2:30 p. m.
OLYMPIC—LANGTRY.
 Saturday, April 5, 1884.
 TWO PERFORMANCES TO-DAY.
 Matinee at 2. Evening at 8.
 Sunday, April 6.—Queen's Evidence.
PEOPLE'S THEATER.
 Sunday, March 3, Wednesday and Saturday Matinee, the best melodramatic and spectacular drama ever produced on this continent, entitled
JESSE JAMES, the BANDIT KING
 Introducing the original Jesse James horses, "Tag" and "Black Charger," 50.00 offered for their equal. Powerful dramatic company, including W. J. B. Walters as the Bandit King, Special Constable New and realistic sensational effects. Transported in special cage.
 Sunday, April 6.—Peck's Bad Boy.
BASE-BALL ALL ST. LOUIS BROWNS VS. RESERVES.
 SATURDAY, April 5, and
SPORTSMAN'S PARK, GRAND AV.
 Game at 1 p. m. Admission 50c.
 I am making contracts for dinner
CHAS. P. CHOUTEAU
 and receiving applications for
 FRANKER HELINA FOR EXCURSIONS
 during the summer months. Apply 110 N. 4th, Southern Hotel or address
 W. H. THORNTON
EDWARDS' THEATRE COMIQUE,
 606, 608, 610 and 612 S. Fourth St.
 16 SPECIALTY ARTISTS 16
 In a Select Olio and a
PANORAMA OF IRELAND.
 Admissions—Box seats, 50c; orchestra reserves, 35c; parquette circle, 25c; balcony, 15c.
 Matinee every Tuesday, Friday and Sunday at 2:30 p. m.

Robson & Crane,
 W. J. Scanlan,
 Haverly's Mastodon Minstrels
 AND
 Mr. and Mrs. John W. Norton
 WILL APPEAR.
 Other Features of the Programme will be duly announced.
 Auction Sale of Seats Monday, 14th, at Noon, at Grand Opera House.

S. D. PORTER & CO., **HOUSE AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS** **720 PINE STREET.**

REAL ESTATE.
S. D. PORTER.
ROBT. RUTLEDGE.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.
 Chestnut st., near Beaumont.
 One of two good 3-room houses; bath, and gas; marble mantels, good cellar, etc. \$2,500.

Laclede av., near Cardinal.
 An elegant new house of 10 rooms, with all modern improvements; lot 25 feet front.

Jennings Station.
 A handsome 10-room double house, with twenty acres of ground, richly improved.

Laclede av., near Garrison.
 A 3-story stone-front; well improved house; good cellar, etc. \$2,500.

Eleventh st., near Locust.
 A 3-story building with lot 1/2; offered low.

Taylor av., bet. Cottage and St. Ferdinand.
 12-room brick; lot 50 feet front; good carriage house and out-buildings; \$2,500.

Third st., near Market.
 A good business house.

Twenty-first st., between Morgan st. and Franklin av.
 One of two 2-story stone front houses, with bath and gas; will sell one or both for \$3,000 each.

Spring av., near Montgomery.
 One of two five-room brick houses; lot 25 feet front; \$2,500.

Wash. st.
 No. 711—A 3-story 5-room brick.

Corner Seventh and Pestalozzi sts.
 Three good brick houses, with large yards, etc.; offered low; will lease for a term of years to a good tenant.

Wash. st., near Twenty-third.
 A good 10-room tenement building, paying a big rent; price asked, 12th place; lot 25 feet front to alley.

Market st., just west of Seventh.
 Three stories; lot 25 feet front; choice business property.

Laclede av., east of Compton.
 A good double house, with large yard; every convenience; lot 50 feet front.

Parsons, or North Market st.
 No. 212—A 6-room brick house, good cellar, etc. Terms easy; price \$2,500.

Regina st., between Twentieth and Twenty-Fifth.
 10 rooms; lot 25 feet to alley; house No. 1.

Market st., or Manchester Road, near Montrose av.
 Two good 6-room houses offered at a reasonable price for all.

Walnut st.
 Nos. 278, 279 and 279 1/2—Good 6-room houses, with bath and gas; good location and paying well; price for all, \$2,500.

Chestnut st., near Compton.
 A desirable 10-room house, stable, etc.; 50-foot lot.

Olive st., near Twenty-second.
 A 3-story 12-room house; every convenience; price low.

Walnut st., near Emily.
 A very desirable 6-room house, with all modern improvements; lot runs through to Market street.

Coleman and Parsons sts.
 New 6-room house, with bath and gas; marble mantels throughout; liberal value and paying well; monthly payments if desired.

Brooklyn st., corner of Twelfth.
 Brick 6-room house; will sell all together, or singly, on easy terms.

Laclede Station.
 A good 10-room house, with six or nine acres of ground.

Taylor av., between Cottage and St. Ferdinand.
 10 feet of ground; large 3-story carriage house; \$2,500.

Division st., between Eighteenth and Nineteenth.
 4 rooms; lot 25 feet; \$1,000.

Geyer av.
 No. 321—6-room frame house; lot 25x125; \$1,500.

Bellegrade av., near Easton.
 6-room brick house; \$1,750.

Parties wishing full particulars of any of the above prices, call or write.

S. D. PORTER & CO., **720 PINE STREET.**

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
WOMEN'S HOME.
 Want free board and lodging for day of week for respectable women and infants; board by week \$2.00, by month \$10.00, by quarter \$25.00, and by year \$100.00. Call at 1215 N. 10th st., between 12th and 13th.

WANTED—Good milliner.
 wages first class. Call at 1215 N. 10th st., between 12th and 13th.

WANTED—Fifteen girls
 from 12 to 15 years old can find employment. Call at 210 N. 8th st.

M. A. WOLFF & CO. **REAL ESTATE.**

The oldest agency in the city, offers the following property for sale, at such a price as will open the market for the property. We invite the attention of investors who desire to secure good real estate at low rates. Our experience of twenty-five years enables us to advise them intelligently and safely. We offer good investments at from \$500 to \$10,000, and would be pleased to show over to buyers, only a small part of what we have.

1. House and lot, No. 27 Olive street, lot 25x11 1/2, new building by the north at \$7,500.

2. The southeast corner of Franklin and Twenty-third streets, with seven good buildings, running at \$2,500 per year; all the time occupied, for \$2,500.

3. A business house, No. 701 North Fourth street, well rented, for \$2,500.

4. A 10-room stone front and mansard roof, 11 rooms and store, No. 718 Locust av., for \$2,500.

5. Four houses, Nos. 80, 90 and 92 North Fifth street, above Franklin avenue, good renting property, for \$1,000.

We have good improved and unimproved residence property in all parts of the city, which we will sell on easy terms and at prices that insure a good income. Call and see our monthly list before purchasing.

MONEY. **LENDERS OF MONEY.**

For parties desiring loans on good, unencumbered real estate in this city, we would say that we have facilities with Eastern capitalists that will be satisfactory. We make loans at lowest rates of interest in any amount, and charge very moderate.

For parties desiring loans on good, unencumbered real estate in this city, we would say that we have facilities with Eastern capitalists that will be satisfactory. We make loans at lowest rates of interest in any amount, and charge very moderate.

INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE. **IMPROVED PROPERTY.**

Washington av., near Grand.
 Large double brick. Lot 70 feet.

Pine st., near Grand.
 Several elegant residences.

Nicholson Place.
 Three-story stone front. Lot 50 feet.

CARDS TO VIEW HOUSES GIVEN AT OFFICE. **UNIMPROVED PROPERTY.**

Lucas av.
 50x124 1/2, N. E. cor. Ewing.

Lincoln av.
 10x121 1/2, S. E. W. of Sarah.

Morgan st.
 12x134 1/2, N. E. cor. Cardinal.

McPherson av.
 10x124 1/2, N. E. cor. Sarah.

Vanderbent place.
 10x124 1/2, S. E. of Division place.

Westminster place.
 10x124 1/2, N. E. W. of Sarah.

West Pine st.
 10x124 1/2, S. E. of Vanderbent.

Morgan st., near Pendleton.
 10x124 1/2, S. E. cor. 21st and 22d.

Olive st.
 10x124 1/2, N. E. cor. 28th st.

RAILROAD MANUFACTURING PROPERTY **FOR SALE AT A GREAT BARGAIN.**

I am authorized to offer at a special price, TWO LARGE TRACTS of land suitable for Coal or Lumber Yards, or Manufacturing of any kind. These tracts are located near Grand Av. on the Mo. Pacific and Wash. Railways, one of them fronting on the Manchester Road. This tract is in the vicinity of the Dutoy Car Wheel Works, the Groom Shovel Co. and other large Works, and is by far the most accessible and best adapted manufacturing property now offered.

Parties desiring a location where switching facilities can be obtained will do well to look at above. The terms are extraordinary.

DO NOT FORGET THAT THIS IS A SPECIAL BARGAIN.

Parties desiring prices, terms, etc., on any of the above properties or to look at plots, will please call at office, 307 North Seventh Street, Telephone No. 402.

E. G. OBEAR, **Real Estate and Financial Agent,** **307 NORTH SEVENTH STREET.**

WM. A. RUTLEDGE.
WM. M. HORTON.

REAL ESTATE.
RUTLEDGE & HORTON,
707 Olive Street.
 Telephone 408.

We have some special bargains to offer this week. Those wishing ANYTHING in our line will do well to call on us, as our patrons receive prompt attention.

WE OFFER FOR SALE **EXECUTOR'S SALE AT AUCTION.**

By order of M. Langsdorf, executor of Henriette Langsdorf, deceased, for the purpose of closing the estate, we will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on the grounds, on Monday, the 21st day of April, 1884, at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described lots belonging to said estate, to-wit:

1. Two lots, each 25 feet by 122 feet 6 inches, front on the west side of Main street, north of Cherokee (formerly Harney) street, being lots Nos. 7 and 8 in city block 1794.
 2. Two lots, each 25 feet by 122 feet 6 inches, front on east line of Second, north of Cherokee (formerly Harney) street, being lots Nos. 4 and 5 in city block 1794.
 3. One lot fronting 25 feet by 122 feet 6 inches on east line of Third street, north of Cherokee (formerly Harney) street, being lot No. 2 in city block 1793.
- Half cash, balance in one and two years, with 6 percent interest, payable annually, secured by deed of trust as usual; buyer to have the right to pay all cash. Title perfect.

GRETH & BOECK **Real Estate Agents, 207 N. Eighth St.**

MONEY TO LOAN

On city real estate security, at lowest rates of interest.

GRETH & BOECK, **REAL ESTATE AGENTS,** **207 NORTH EIGHTH ST.**

DRESSMAKING.

Taylor's 3rd CUTTING. Formerly corner 4th and Washington av. 472.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED. **THE ONLY GENUINE** **DECKER BROTHERS**

PIANOS are For Sale in St. Louis ONLY AT OUR WAREHOUSES,
203 North Fifth Street. Beware of Inferior Imitations.

ESTEE & CAMP, **Sole Western Agents for Messrs. Decker Brothers, 203 N. Fifth St.**

MAKING MONEY FLY.

Extravagance of Rich New York Aristocrats of To-Day.

Small Fortunes Squandered for Flowers and Glittering Knickknacks.

The advertisement of the new storage company in this city announcing that its building is burglar-proof, fire-proof and "moob-proof," is an interesting sign of the times. The security of the property is now so sharply drawn between poverty and wealth, and the danger of poverty, and contrasted with grasping and grinding avarice, there is such a loud cry of protest against the avarice of the poor, that it behooves there is any immediate danger of mob work, and not that at this moment to discuss the present ill-temper of labor and capital toward each other. But, rich as are getting richer, and poor as are getting poorer, the common in New York and a certain class of rich persons here are turning their lives into orgies of extravagance. They make their wealth sparkle at the very of the eye, and they are making themselves ridiculous. In Fifth avenue, which from a handsome thoroughfare distinguished for its comfortable, homelike mansions, has grown into a sort of a theatrical place, the beauty of the Fifth avenue, which contains three or four liveried servants, in staid attitudes, in attendance upon one man or woman, seated in solemn state in the body of each vehicle, the bright work on the harnesses of the horses ahead of one of these sleighs was, I am informed, of solid gold.

FAMOUS RIOTS OF THE PAST.

The Astor Place Difficulty and the Sanitary Struggle of 1833.
 From the New York Evening Journal.
 New York City has been rich in riots. The first outbreak was a negro riot in 1712. Since then there was a negro riot in 1741, which was a dangerous one, as the proportion of slaves to whites was very great. After that came the stamp-act riot of 1765, a patriotic demonstration not to use British goods, and the riot of 1793, when the abolitionists caused a riot in 1788, which was only quelled by a militia of physicians and medical students.

Many old citizens remember the spring election riots of 1834, which ended in a victory for the rioters by the peaceful ballot, at the announcement of which result Daniel Webster made an address in which he said that the abolitionists followed closely, being in turn followed by the rioters, a senseless uprising, resulting only in the destruction of a lot of flour when that necessary product was scarce.

None of these riots were extensive, either in destruction of property or life, and it was not until 1849, when the Astor-place difficulty occurred, that the city was divided against itself. This riot grew out of a personal quarrel between two actors, Forest and Macready, the two popular tragedians on either side of the Atlantic, corresponding to Booth and Irving of the present day. It was reported that when Forest was in London Macready was in New York, and he publicly hissed him. Many Americans awaited Mr. Macready's coming in order to make things pleasant for him. He came in the spring of 1849 and made an engagement at the Astor Place Opera House. At the time Forest was at the Broadway Theatre. Their rival placards adorned the same boards. None, one of the managers of the opera house, gave out more tickets than there were seats or standing room. The result was a crush. Macready, at Macbeth, was welcomed with eggs and hisses. From this arose the riot of a few days later in which twenty-two men were killed and thirty wounded in and around Astor-place.

In 1857 there were three separate outbreaks—the police riot, between Mayor Fernando Wood's police and the Metropolitan police, the Dead Rabbits riot and the riot between the Dead Rabbits and the Bowery Boys, in which eight men were killed and thirty wounded.

The riots of 1863 were the most desperate ever known in the city. These were occasioned by the draft, and were put down by the police force after a week's hard work. The riot was the result of a deep laid conspiracy on the part of those opposed to the war. But from the manner of its beginning and total absence of leadership it is evident that it was not the outcome of a general well-understood plot. Those who started the movement desired to break up the draft in some of the poorest districts of the city, and the movement got too big for them. The number of killed, directly and indirectly, was put down by the authorities at 120. There was no direct way of getting at the exact number, but the number of deaths for that month, July, exceeded the number for either the preceding or the subsequent month by that figure.

The Orange riot of 1871—such recent history as to be well known. Two of the police and military were killed, and twenty-four wounded. The riot was the result of a deep laid conspiracy on the part of those opposed to the war. But from the manner of its beginning and total absence of leadership it is evident that it was not the outcome of a general well-understood plot. Those who started the movement desired to break up the draft in some of the poorest districts of the city, and the movement got too big for them. The number of killed, directly and indirectly, was put down by the authorities at 120. There was no direct way of getting at the exact number, but the number of deaths for that month, July, exceeded the number for either the preceding or the subsequent month by that figure.

Now, the only one of these outbreaks that is of any importance to the city is the one that is now being waged by the police and the Bowery Boys, in which eight men were killed and thirty wounded.

Do not be deceived by the false statements. Always ask for and insist on having ALCOCK'S FEROUS PLASTER.

His Reason.
 "Look or hear," said an old negro to his daughter, "who's dat yaller man I see gwine round wid yer?"
 "Dat's my man, he's gwine ter marry me."
 "He is, he is?"
 "Gwine ter marry me?"
 "Nah, nah!"
 "Wah, dah, dah!" he says, mistake "best dat, case I was on a jury ter-day what sent him ter jail or way far, chile, 'cause o' de gran' jury. Da wouldn't send him, honey, but 'dashed on it."

"Borri'd some money from de dam fool, honey; borri'd some money from him. Den him ter jail or way far, chile, 'cause o' de gran' jury. Da wouldn't send him, honey, but 'dashed on it."

Depression of Strong Drink.
 Hardly anything is more depressing than strong drink. Its victims go down, down, down to the very depths of depravity. He is lost to every feeling of honor, ambition and manhood. In a word, he is a wreck. Yet he can be saved by Dr. Duggan's Chinese Balm. Dr. Duggan, 300 State street, Chicago, will promptly respond to any inquiries by mail or otherwise.

THE CHAIR FOR BOYS.

It is the fashion for these dwellers in luxury to pay homage to vulgar old dame Nature by decking their grand salons with flowers. The fact that at one time this winter the fashionable florists were demanding all the way from 30 to 50 cents apiece for Jacquemont roses simply caused those blushing flowers to become the rage and they were purchased by the hundred. Walls were bared with them. At an entertainment by one of the others the other night the space from the pictures to the floor on all the walls were padded with flowers. They must have cost \$3,000. Each one of the Vanderbilts must have spent \$2,000 in the same way every time they entertain their friends. Next morning their servants near down these decorations and throw them in the bathtub. Not quite so wasteful is the habit of giving away dancing "favors" of great value. This practice has been pronounced the fashionable thing, and the millionaire society people are running wild and exciting race to beat one another in the selection of more and more expensive snick-knacks for their guests. At first beautiful little silver shawls or a coat of velvet but too pretty to throw away, were considered good enough, but this winter the extravagance has advanced so rapidly that gold brooches, rings set with costly stones, watch chains, cuffs, cuff-buttons worth more than their weight in gold, and in one instance solid silver paper weights (so heavy that the gentlemen put them in their pockets) have been given away.

One of our fashionable maniacs has made her parties attractive by employing the kings and queens of opera to sing for her guests. She has had Gerster, Pappenheim, Nilsson and every one of the great tenors, and she did not secure one of them for a cent less than \$1,000. The total cost of one of her "evenings" is usually \$3,000 or \$4,000.

THE ASTOR PLACE DIFFICULTY AND THE SANITARY STRUGGLE OF 1833.

From the New York Evening Journal.
 New York City has been rich in riots. The first outbreak was a negro riot in 1712. Since then there was a negro riot in 1741, which was a dangerous one, as the proportion of slaves to whites was very great. After that came the stamp-act riot of 1765, a patriotic demonstration not to use British goods, and the riot of 1793, when the abolitionists caused a riot in 1788, which was only quelled by a militia of physicians and medical students.

FAMOUS RIOTS OF THE PAST.

Many old citizens remember the spring election riots of 1834, which ended in a victory for the rioters by the peaceful ballot, at the announcement of which result Daniel Webster made an address in which he said that the abolitionists followed closely, being in turn followed by the rioters, a senseless uprising, resulting only in the destruction of a lot of flour when that necessary product was scarce.

None of these riots were extensive, either in destruction of property or life, and it was not until 1849, when the Astor-place difficulty occurred, that the city was divided against itself. This riot grew out of a personal quarrel between two actors, Forest and Macready, the two popular tragedians on either side of the Atlantic, corresponding to Booth and Irving of the present day. It was reported that when Forest was in London Macready was in New York, and he publicly hissed him. Many Americans awaited Mr. Macready's coming in order to make things pleasant for him. He came in the spring of 1849 and made an engagement at the Astor Place Opera House. At the time Forest was at the Broadway Theatre. Their rival placards adorned the same boards. None, one of the managers of the opera house, gave out more tickets than there were seats or standing room. The result was a crush. Macready, at Macbeth, was welcomed with eggs and hisses. From this arose the riot of a few days later in which twenty-two men were killed and thirty wounded in and around Astor-place.

In 1857 there were three separate outbreaks—the police riot, between Mayor Fernando Wood's police and the Metropolitan police, the Dead Rabbits riot and the riot between the Dead Rabbits and the Bowery Boys, in which eight men were killed and thirty wounded.

The riots of 1863 were the most desperate ever known in the city. These were occasioned by the draft, and were put down by the police force after a week's hard work. The riot was the result of a deep laid conspiracy on the part of those opposed to the war. But from the manner of its beginning and total absence of leadership it is evident that it was not the outcome of a general well-understood plot. Those who started the movement desired to break up the draft in some of the poorest districts of the city, and the movement got too big for them. The number of killed, directly and indirectly, was put down by the authorities at 120. There was no direct way of getting at the exact number, but the number of deaths for that month, July, exceeded the number for either the preceding or the subsequent month by that figure.

The Orange riot of 1871—such recent history as to be well known. Two of the police and military were killed, and twenty-four wounded. The riot was the result of a deep laid conspiracy on the part of those opposed to the war. But from the manner of its beginning and total absence of leadership it is evident that it was not the outcome of a general well-understood plot. Those who started the movement desired to break up the draft in some of the poorest districts of the city, and the movement got too big for them. The number of killed, directly and indirectly, was put down by the authorities at 120. There was no direct way of getting at the exact number, but the number of deaths for that month, July, exceeded the number for either the preceding or the subsequent month by that figure.

Now, the only one of these outbreaks that is of any importance to the city is the one that is now being waged by the police and the Bowery Boys, in which eight men were killed and thirty wounded.

Do not be deceived by the false statements. Always ask for and insist on having ALCOCK'S FEROUS PLASTER.

His Reason.
 "Look or hear," said an old negro to his daughter, "who's dat yaller man I see gwine round wid yer?"
 "Dat's my man, he's gwine ter marry me."
 "He is, he is?"
 "Gwine ter marry me?"
 "Nah, nah!"
 "Wah, dah, dah!" he says, mistake "best dat, case I was on a jury ter-day what sent him ter jail or way far, chile, 'cause o' de gran' jury. Da wouldn't send him, honey, but 'dashed on it."

"Borri'd some money from de dam fool, honey; borri'd some money from him. Den him ter jail or way far, chile, 'cause o' de gran' jury. Da wouldn't send him, honey, but 'dashed on it."

Depression of Strong Drink.
 Hardly anything is more depressing than strong drink. Its victims go down, down, down to the very depths of depravity. He is lost to every feeling of honor, ambition and manhood. In a word, he is a wreck. Yet he can be saved by Dr. Duggan's Chinese Balm. Dr. Duggan, 300 State street, Chicago, will promptly respond to any inquiries by mail or otherwise.

FINE ART.

A Glance at the Pettes Exhibition of New Paintings.

Examples of Seghers, Quinsac, De Haas, Brissot and Corot—What They are Like—A Crowded Gallery—Doings of the Local Artists—General Notes.

The second exhibition of paintings at the Pettes Art Galleries, which was thrown open to the public last Monday, has attracted larger crowds than did the first. It is a very noticeable fact that the public appears to have taken time by the forelock and made a careful examination of all the pictures that seem to have suited their fancy. It frequently happens, and it did so in some cases prior to the last sale, that the public looked to the final gas-light exhibition under the auctioneer's hammer to make up their minds as to the quality or desirability of any work of art. This is necessarily misleading. The painting ought to be studied fully beforehand, and the clear sky and bright sun now prevailing gives ample opportunity for the study—and then the gaslight exhibition on the nights of the sales must be considered simply as a memorandum of what is already known, a guide to the buyer in the struggle for possession. Among so many fine paintings it is somewhat difficult to select those that are worthy of the chief place. The best way, perhaps, is to draw on a note-book compiled at odd moments by the reporter, and thus to present something about what the visitors to the galleries appear to have thought. In this way only a small fraction of the leading canvases can be dealt with, but the way I will give the general public a fair idea of the tone of thought that could be afforded in any other.

No. 45, a water color by H. Seghers, gave an idea of marine atmosphere to some visitors that was evidently new to them and as charming as it was new.

An artist, one who delights in figure drawing and flesh tints, pointing to No. 30, "Reverie," by Quinsac, said, "that man not only knows how to draw: he not only possesses the perfection of knowledge of the anatomy of the human figure, but he is a master of the rhythm of color. Come here," said he to a friend, as he led him to a point near the east wall and half way to the door, about opposite to where De Haas hangs, "Look at that work; see how the figures start out from the wall as if they were chiseled instead of sketched. That is perfect harmony in drawing and color. It is an effect no one but a master of art could accomplish."

Quinsac's landscape and sheep came in for extraordinary commentary. It is a wonderful combination of perfect animal drawing with a landscape such as would command attention by itself.

And near the latter picture hangs the new Corot, one of the finest expressions of this painter's art that has yet come to St. Louis. Full of form, while presenting nature as she appears to the eye of the impressionist, this picture seems to attract attention on account of its perfect truthfulness and its tender atmospheric effect.

No. 131 is a landscape with cattle in the foreground, painted by W. H. Howe, a St. Louis artist now painting in Paris. Being placed in first-class company, with famous names hanging all around his work, this artist is put to as severe a test as could be desired by his worst enemy. Yet the work shows up full, bold and strong, and quite capable of maintaining its place in any company.

These are only a few of the leading points in the collection; the whole makes a perfect picture of many parts, and the people of St. Louis seem to appreciate it, by the way in which they thronged the galleries.

Local Notes.

Prof. John O. Anderson of the Art School, has just returned from a week's visit to the Chicago Art Institute.

The Redemptorist mission last Tuesday evening was well attended, and Mr. Douman's pictures received much attention.

The Salmagundi sketches illustrating "America in Peace and War" are attracting a great deal of attention at Pettes' gallery. The handsome decorations of the Models house at the McKim's benefit last Monday were the work of Mr. Ernest Albert of the Salmagundi Club.

Mr. Frank E. Gates, at present scene painter at Poplar, will leave for the coast next week, in order to attend the art school preparatory to going abroad.

Things have been received in St. Louis this week that Carl Guthrie's picture, "Fighting in the North," arrived safely in Paris and has been received in the salon.

Mr. John H. Wilson, whose water colors have attracted so much attention in the Salmagundi Exhibition, has come to St. Louis to paint the scenery to be used in the coming dramatic festival.

Paul E. Harney has just completed the third portrait he has painted of the late Mr. Rogers. It is a three-quarter length, and is the same striking likeness of the great physician as was his other two.

A very rare and interesting souvenir has been sent from Paris to Paul E. Harney of this city. It is a catalogue of the first sale, of the leading pictures in the best of the great Goupil et Cie.

The next number of "Pialette Scrapings," the periodical published by the Art Students at the University, will appear about the end of May. An unusually attractive number is promised containing hitherto unpublished reproductions of red chalk drawings and studies on the nude.

General Notes.

One of the late George Fuller's four sons, a considerable artistic talent. Mrs. Fuller is a daughter of Thomas Wentworth Higginson, the historian.

The exhibition of the Society of Painters for 1884 will be held at the Walker gallery, in Liverpool, and will open on September 1. Works must be received between July 21 and August 2 to the agents of the gallery, Messrs. M. and W. G. P. 4, Pall Mall Place.

From the London papers it is learned that Frederick Verin, a young American, who studied at Düsseldorf, is painting a large scene in the Hagia Sophia, for which, from a view of the study, much success is predicted. Among the painter's recent portraits is one of his uncle, Mr. Hermann Verin.

Mr. Robertson James, a brother of Henry James, the novelist, who has recently recovered from a severe illness, has been appointed by the executive committee of the Milwaukee Museum of Fine Arts to be curator in the place of Mr. Wendell Stanton Howard, resigned. Mr. James, who was formerly in business in Milwaukee, has recently had a studio in that city. He was a student at the Boston Museum of Fine Arts, and also under Mr. Charles Moore, a student at Harvard College.

A sculptor, has returned to his studio there the Poe for the memorial tropic museum of a statue in the north wall of the Bryant block, will be of marble. The Muse of Poetry, the poet, and an altar to be placed in the

Museum and unveiled next fall. Mr. Park has received a commission for a colossal bronze statue of Washington for the city of Milwaukee.

Fine Yases, Elegant and Rich. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Miss Addie Mitchell has returned from a trip to Virginia.

Mrs. John Risque has returned from her trip to Virginia.

Miss Belle Roberts is at present visiting in Greenville, Ill.

Mrs. Ben May is visiting her relations in the South at present.

Mrs. E. L. Beeding is visiting her mother near Lexington, Mo.

Miss Hallie Cole is visiting Miss Nena West of Edwardsville.

Miss Jennie Lockwood is still visiting friends at Little Rock.

Mrs. Wm. Ellison of Kansas City is visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. James L. Patterson is making a flying visit to New York.

Miss Emma Tucker is absent, visiting friends in Kansas City.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. Wetzel will sail for Europe on the 12th of May.

Mrs. William Marshall of Topeka is visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. Alice Hart leaves next week to visit her relatives at Nashville.

Miss Little Hurt of Fort Smith, Ark., is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. Ben May is entertaining her married daughter from Little Rock.

Mrs. Chouteau Smith left on Saturday to join her husband at Denver.

Mrs. Isador Keller of Lexington, Mo., is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. Metcalf leaves on Saturday for New York to be absent six weeks.

Mrs. Candiff has returned from a short visit to friends in St. Joseph.

Mrs. A. C. Rogers of Mexico spent the week with friends in the city.

The Shakespeare Club holds its next meeting at Mrs. Edgar Lockwood's.

Miss Mary Lackland spent a portion of this week with Miss Lily Parish.

Miss Lizzie Reber has returned home after a visit to her brother in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. James Brockenborough are located at No. 2906 Locust street.

Col. and Mrs. Andrew McKinley are at present with Mrs. Julia January.

Miss Jennie Wilkinson is making a short visit to Mrs. Capt. Colter at Alton.

Mrs. Dent Tutt will return from Hot Springs about the last of the month.

Mrs. San T. Redmond has returned home from a short visit to friends at Cairo.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Hynes of Lawrence, Kansas, are visiting friends in the city.

Mr. James Kennedy of Louisville, Ky., spent a few days in the city this week.

Miss Laura Evans, accompanied by her brother, sails for Europe next Tuesday.

Mr. Will W. Garrison's engagement to Miss Helen H. Beeding was announced.

Mrs. A. S. Ingersoll of Kansas City is making a brief visit to friends in the city.

Miss Annie Webb is entertaining Miss Gibson, a Kentucky belle from Lexington.

Miss Maude Rollins of Columbia spent a portion of this week in the city with friends.

Miss Jessie Matthews is visiting her cousin Miss Logan Houston, of St. Louis County.

Mrs. Ashley D. Scott has recovered from her recent illness, and is again able to be out.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cooke have returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in the city.

Mrs. Dr. Willard of Jacksonville, Ill., is spending a short time with relatives in the city.

Mrs. George W. Henderson has returned to Columbia after a visit to relatives here.

Miss Chouteau and Miss Marie Flannigan are guests of Mrs. P. H. Tierman of Kansas City.

Mrs. George Keller and Miss Lattie Keller left this week to visit relatives in Memphis, Tenn.

Mrs. M. A. Loper of Shreveport, La., is spending a fortnight in the city with relatives.

Mrs. Ben P. Money returned last Sunday from a two-month's visit at San Antonio, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hogan will leave soon for New York, whence they will sail for Europe.

Mrs. Ben Birch is entertaining her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Merry of Greenville, Ill.

Miss Crump, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. True, has returned to her home in Texas.

The annual solace dante of the second class of Mary Institute takes place next Friday week.

Miss McFall spent last week with her friends, Misses Hattie and Clara Amburister at Pacific.

Miss Dollie Hoxey, after a visit to relatives in Staunton and Edwardsville returned home this week.

Mrs. John W. Donaldson and daughter, Miss Abby Donaldson, will spend this month in the South.

Mrs. J. A. Henderson has returned to her home at Mexico after a brief visit to relatives in the city.

The McCullough Dramatic Club give an entertainment next Monday evening at Louisiana, Mo.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Kaine have returned from a visit to Mrs. Kaine's parents at Jacksonville, Ill.

Mrs. and Mrs. H. Clay Pierce, return this week from Galveston, where they have spent the winter.

Mrs. Peckham, nee Lida Hildreth, is dangerously ill of concussion of the brain, resulting from a fall.

Miss Marie Patterson returns this week from Washington, D. C., where she has been spending the winter.

Prof. and Mrs. W. H. Pommer, now located at Columbia, were in the city last week for a few days.

Mrs. Ulrich, accompanied by her daughter, Julia Ulrich, sails this week for Europe, to be absent two years.

Mrs. R. E. Blount returned home with her sister, Miss Maggie Lynds, and is visiting her parents at Quincy.

Mrs. Col. E. C. Moore of Boone County, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Logan Hutton, of St. Louis County.

Mr. and Mrs. John Scullen take possession this week of their suburban home on the bluffs, near Canfield.

Mrs. R. A. Campbell, wife of the Lieutenant-governor, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Blair, at Bowling Green, Mo.

Mrs. Ben Manny and James W. Taylor have returned from San Antonio, Texas, after an absence of two months.

The engagement of Miss Jennie Hunter, daughter of Col. R. D. Hunter, to Mr. Edgar L. Marden, has been announced.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank K. Doane were in Independence last week, attending the banquet of the Palestine Commandery.

Miss Julia Russell of Springfield, will be married early in June to Mr. Carr, grandson of Mr. Wayman Crow of this city.

Mrs. Mary E. Gray, after a visit to her sons, R. B. and W. H. Gray, of this city, left this week for her home at Leesburg, Va.

Mr. Sempie Floyd-Jones left on Thursday with his cousin, Mr. Ray Floyd-Jones of New York, for the Far West, where they

will establish a cattle ranch. Mr. Sempie Floyd-Jones will not give up medicine, but establish himself there as a practitioner.

Ex-Gov. and Mrs. Hardin passed through the city last week en route to their home, after an extended visit through the South.

Mrs. Judge Cole of Madison, Wis., is seriously ill. Her daughter Mrs. Sterling Edmunds left on Thursday to visit her.

Mr. and Mrs. James E. Carstensen are visiting friends at Louisiana. Miss Daisy Carstensen is visiting friends at Hannibal.

Mrs. Schaeffer and her daughter, Miss Maude Schaeffer of Jacksonville, Ill., are making a short visit to friends in the city.

Mrs. Wilson of Columbia was in the city for a few days this week visiting her brother, Rev. Mr. Burnham of the Baptist Church, Columbia.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Johnson and daughter, Miss Mollie Johnson, will return soon to their country home in Boone County, new Columbia.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Allen will leave for Europe May 10, to spend the summer. On their return they will reside permanently in New York.

Mrs. Farnham is visiting friends in Quincy, and attended the banquet given in honor of ex-Gov. and Mrs. St. John by Col. and Mrs. Merriam.

Mr. and Mrs. George Partridge give a musicale this evening, complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. Godner, prior to their departure for Europe.

Mrs. Henry Turner returned last week with her mother Mrs. Lucy Y. Seale. A note to her country home, Notchcliff. Her health is much improved.

Miss Lillie Warrens who has been the guest of Miss Lillie Goodin for the past few weeks, left on Saturday with her father for his post in Colorado.

Mrs. Crenshaw, nee Lucy Russell, has been spending the winter in Savannah, Ga. She will visit her parents en route to her home at Springfield, Mo.

Miss Kolia Billings, Miss Belle Billings, Mr. Capt. Nanson and Miss Nanson will return to-day from San Antonio, where they have been spending the past month.

Mr. Charles A. Guernsey of the Mother and Guernsey Cattle Company of Wyoming, spent last week with his uncle, Mr. D. W. Guernsey. He left this week for his ranch.

The engagement is announced of Miss Lillie Warrens, daughter of Capt. C. C. Warrens, U. S. A., to Mr. J. R. Brooks of this city. The wedding will take place in September next.

Dr. William H. Brown, a successful physician of St. Louis County for the past forty years, was stricken with paralysis at his residence at Fairview last week. His friends were arranging to surprise him on Thursday, the 31st of April, being his birthday. Their hospitable intentions were frustrated by his sudden illness.

The Fortnightly Club, under the direction of Mr. Jacob A. Mohler, meets this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. W. H. Elliott, No. 2633 Locust street. The program is of different colored satin made up in the shape of hearts, in which pins may be stuck without damage. The next "fortnightly" will be entertained by Mrs. Gen. Henderson, No. 3010 Pine street.

The Emanon Club met on Thursday evening at Miss Belle Matthews', No. 1100 Grand avenue, instead of at Miss Lillie Goodin's as announced. The guests were entertained with music, cards and bowling, the basement of the dwelling having been fixed up as a bowling alley.

The members are Misses Belle Matthews, Lucy Nesbit, Sadie Tennant, Carrie Gable, Mary Hopkins, Lily Parish, Lily Cunningham, Mary Lackland, Mabel Wilson, and Messrs. Charles and George Miller, Moody, Brock Jones, Hoffman, Freeman, Miltenberger, Winter and others.

The young people of the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church held an April Fools' yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. James McQu. Douglas, No. 3504 Pine street. Homemade aprons and homemade candy, made by the younger ladies of the society, proved a profitable source of revenue.

The young ladies connected with the society are Misses Breckenridge, Misses Lillian Anderson, Annie Webb, Quinette, Lillie Goodin, Lily Parish, Fanny Chappell, Mrs. Fisher, Miss McKee and a number of others. Mrs. Douglas is president of the society. Mr. Douglas, a vice president and Miss Lizzie Cox treasurer.

Silver Spoons and Forks. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

TORONTO TRAGEDY.

An Artist Shoots His Wife and a Street Car Conductor.

Toronto Special to the Enquirer.

George Hawkins, an English artist and graduate of the Royal Academy of London, shot Hackett, a street car conductor, and the former's wife in a house of assignation in Jarvis street this afternoon. Hawkins has been but a short time in the city, and his wife had apartments in Bond street. In the same house Hackett had a room and became acquainted with Mrs. Hawkins, to whom he paid great attention. Hawkins, becoming suspicious, followed his wife when she went out this afternoon, and saw her meet Hackett on the street and go with him to a house on Jarvis street. Hawkins, who had been waiting for her, followed her into the room, where Hackett was sitting on a chair in the room, with Mrs. Hawkins on his knee. Hawkins first shot struck the woman in the thigh, crippling her, and the second penetrated Hackett's groin. Notwithstanding that he was very weak and covered with blood, Hackett grappled with the assailant, who fired two more shots without effect. He knocked Hawkins down and kicked him insensibly, breaking the fingers of his right hand, and then he turned to his wife and shot her. The shooting attracted the police, who arrested Hawkins and sent Hackett and the woman to the hospital in an ambulance. Mrs. Hawkins is in a very pretty, and of good figure. In London she was model for Hawkins' paintings, and he fell in love and married her against the wishes of his parents, who disapproved of his marrying a woman who was not a lady. He regretted that he didn't kill them both. Hackett is a horse-car conductor of the high order, and as there is a heavy traffic on the line here, he has been leading the life of a capitalist for some time. The wound is of a most serious character. The doctors said he would likely die, but he repudiated any intention of doing so until he had completely done up Hawkins.

Guests Sent Away Hungry.

Washington Correspondence Bulletin.

A Government official just returned from Florida tells a good story at the expense of Jay Gould. When Mr. Gould's yacht was passing Florida, a party of English gentlemen, including several of the English noblemen traveling in Florida this season, received an invitation from him to visit the yacht, and to inspect his collection of paintings. They were received by Mr. Gould with much politeness and shown all over the yacht by him in person. The whole party were quite pleased with the trip, and the yacht and its appointments, and all were in high spirits, expecting, of course, that when the inspection was concluded a collation would be spread. But before the party had about lunch, and they were not even invited to take a glass of wine or a thimbleful of old brandy, but were told to get up and go. The party were in such high dudgeon that they went off without saying good-bye to the host, and after a short walk to the wall street king, and afterward remarked that he was no gentleman to act in such a manner. He said if the owner of a yacht in Great Britain should treat guests in that style, he would be "cut" in all good society.

For seven years Allen's Brain Food has stood the strongest test as to its merits in curing nervousness, nervous debility and restoring powers to the weakened generative system, and in no instance has it ever failed; test it. It is for sale at drug stores, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First avenue, New York City.

SIMPLY STUPENDOUS!

ROYALLY AND TRANSCENDENTLY SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

Will Open Its Annual Brief Season

IN ST. LOUIS,

MONDAY, APRIL 21,

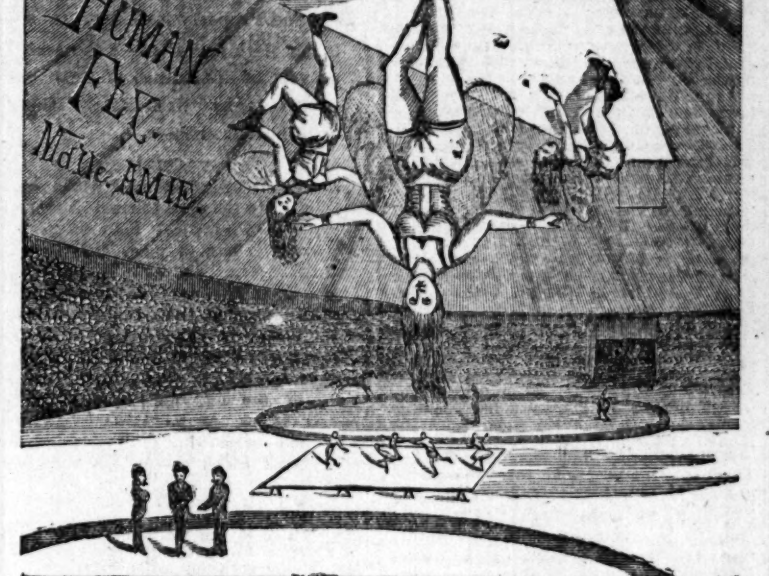
On the Vast Vacant Property

19th, 20th, Pine and Chestnut Streets.

W. W. COLE'S

ENTIRELY NEW

Colossal Shows!



COMPRISING THE

3 Biggest Circuses in the World.

IN 3 BIG RINGS AND ON AN ELEVATED STAGE.

14th YEAR OF UNCEASING TRIUMPHS, augmented and enlarged to almost endless proportions.

THE WHOLE WORLD IN MIGHTY UNION.

ASTOUNDING AND TRULY TREMENDOUS FEATURES and more costly, phenomenal attractions than all other shows.

Including the All-Overshadowing SAMSON the very Colossus of Brute Creation.

A HERD OF ELEPHANTS—Performing Elephants, Clown Elephants, Waltzing Elephants, Big Elephants, Small Elephants and Musical Elephants.

A GREAT DOUBLE MENAGERIE IN 2 TENTS.

Twenty Camels, Nursing Baby Camels, Giant Camels, Racing Camels, White Hippopotamuses, only Black Mostrated Rhinoceros, Sea Animals, Kangaroos, Trained Wild Savage Beasts, Tigers, Lions, Leopards, Wild Animal Trainers and Teachers, Female Snake Changers, White Buffalo, Loose Led, Sacred and Singular Brutes, and all kinds of Rare Wined Curiosities.

Every thing of exceptional novelty, and a troupe of twelve marvelous, muscular, and wonderful ARABS. All Bare-Kick Riders, Many Acts Simultaneously: Roller Skaters, Bicycle Riders in the Air, Wire-Walkers, Trained Horses, Trained Fish, Real Racing Fish, Riding Monkeys, in fact, which vast mass of money, intelligence, and progressive ideas could secure or suggest.

AN AFTER-DARK BLAZING TORCH-LIGHT PARADE will be given (weather permitting) on SATURDAY NIGHT, April 19. A perfectly Dazzling Pyrotechnic Sea.

First Performance Monday, April 21, at 2 and 8 O'Clock P. M. Admission, 50 cents. Children, under 9, 25 cents. A few Cushioned Opera Chairs at a slight advance.

SPECIAL AND UNPRECEDENTED PROCLAMATION.—Children under 9 years of age will be admitted FREE on MONDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 21st, when accompanied by Parents or Guardians.

THE COLONEL'S TROUBLE.

How His Former Slave Made Him Shovel Mud on the Streets.

From the ARKANSAS Traveller.

When the Kentucky Colonel comes to Little Rock, about the first objectionable feature he notices is the negro policeman. Kentucky the town constable, a man who carries an enormous club with which he strikes the sidewalk and goods boxes ringing as he goes along, he is a very respectable good society for his experience in sitting round the lively stable enables him to speak of the horse with enviable insight. It is an honor to be arrested by such a man, but to be seized by a negro policeman is a humiliation which sinks deep into the Kentucky's sensitive bosom of resentment.

Several days ago, Col. Saratoga of Kentucky arrived at Little Rock. He brought a few dollars with him, and experienced no trouble in finding Arkansas men who were willing to join him in the social soaking of "straights" and favored spirits. When evening came, the Colonel, having devoted himself so assiduously during the day, was weak-kneed and weary. A negro policeman stopped him and said:

"Mister, yer better go to yer hotel. Dar ain't no usen yer tryin' ter back agin dem dar nigs at de's home."

"Who do you belong to, anyhow?" asked the Colonel, standing himself, and regarding the policeman with a contemptuous expression. "I'd give a thousand dollars for you."

The dark guardian of the public peace did not seem to be in the least offended at this unkind reference to "previous condition of servitude," but explained his position, telling the Colonel to go away somewhere and lie down. Such a suggestion from a "nigger" enraged the Colonel and he attempted to strike the policeman, but, before he could realize how it was done, the "big nigger" tangled a band in his hair, "yo!" wheeled him around and marched him off to the station house. The Colonel called loudly for the friends who had found his company so agreeable, but they merely smiled at the "freshness" of the blue-grass man, turned away and took a drink with a candidate.

The next morning when the colonel was arraigned before the judge, he made an elaborate speech in defense of his shortcomings, but a mild fine of \$10 was assessed. The prisoner was shocked upon learning that he had spent all his money, and that he would be compelled to scrape the streets with a broom; but the deepest humiliation awaited him. The negro policeman who took charge

of the "chain gang" was once the property of the colonel.

"Don't you know me, Abe?" asked the dejected man as he threw a shovel full of mud into a cart.

"Biele I do, sah."

"You used to belong to me."

"Ise mighty well war d'at fact, sah."

"I want you to do me a favor. You know I'm poor and don't want to be seen in this condition?"

"Yes, sah."

"Now, just give me a chance and I'll leave here."

"I reckins not, sah; 'case yer'll neber hab a chance."

"Never mind. D-d if I don't whiale you when I get out of this."

"None o' yer swearin' 'roun' here, fur I longs ter de church. By de time yer gits trough wid dis job yer couldn't whiale er grub-worm. Hurrly up dar ur I'll hab de judge stretch out yer string. Now yer's settin' at it. Oh, de white folks ken work when da gits dar mines on it. Seems sorter idle at first, but powerful fine had's a sorter er while. It hab been said dat de nigger ken hab de shobel and de hoe better den de white man, but it ain't er fact. Gin me de white man story time. Take up de hoe, marster, an' dig up d'at lump. Dar's it. Wouldn't want er better han' den yesself."

"I'll fix you, confound yer black hide!"

"Yes, sah. Yas. Now take de spade, marster. Dar's it. Wouldn't change yer fur no udder two men on de lo'ce."

Fine Furniture.

We are just in receipt of several car-loads of the newest designs in furniture. All our stock is entirely new. No old stock, no old styles. All goods marked at lowest prices and in plain figures.

BURGELL, COESPOCK & CO., 607 N. Fourth street.

John A. Stallings, living at 254 North Fourteenth street, and employed at the Niedringhaus building, has his right hand badly lacerated by some of the machinery yesterday.

"Burbs' Path."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying kidney, bladder and urinary diseases. \$1. Druggists.

H. L. NIEDRINGHAUS.

The Popular Furniture Dealer, will be pleased to receive his Friends and patrons at his TEMPORARY LOCATION, NO. 810 NORTH SIXTH STREET, which has been fitted up with a NICE LINE OF NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES THAT ARE OFFERED AT VERY LOW PRICES until about June 1, 1884, when the new Building, 1003-1005 FRANKLIN AV., will be completed, and where he will return with an entirely fresh and select stock of modern and artistic designs of every description and complete in all its branches. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Remember the number.

810 N. Sixth St.

RAZORS!

BEST QUALITY.

AUGUST KERN.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES

AND STEAM GRINDING.

926 NORTH SIXTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

JUST RETURNED FROM THE EAST

With a large stock of the finest goods at factory prices bought for cash. Will sell on Monthly Payments and at very lowest cash prices.

C. Farner Stove, Furniture and Carpet Company

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and Clark St. Open until 9 o'clock every evening.

HOSIERY!

GLOVES and UNDERWEAR.

New Styles and New Colorings in

Silk, Lisle Thread and Cotton, both

Foreign and Domestic. Most Com-

plete Line ever shown in this market.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

Chas. Wezler,

214 SOUTH FOURTH ST.

KENTUCKY WHISKIES.

Rhine, Pfalz and Moselle Wines.

California, Kelley's Island and Missouri Wines.

Bordeaux Wines of the well-known firms Dumezil & Jolivet and Cruse et Fils Freres.

Cognacs of DUBOIS FRERES & CAGNON in Cognac, and OTARD, DUPUY & CO.

Depot of the Popular Geo. Goulet & Co., Extra Dry Rhine.

Monarch Bourbon, 1879, per gal. \$1.40

O. F. C. Taylor Bourbon, 1880, per gal. 1.40

Nelson County Bourbon, 1880, per gal. 1.40

Pop Corn " " " 1.00

Mayfield " " " 1.00

Two Kettles " " " 1.00

Merced County " small grain, per gal. 2.00

Marshall Bourbon, per gal. 2.00

Guckensheimer Rye, " " 1.40

Kelly Island Whisky, " " 1.40

"Leon" Pure Jules Fort, per gal. 2.00

"De Soto" Pure Jules Fort, per gal. 2.00

"Zamora" Sherry, per gal. 2.00

"M. Lerette" Chery, per gal. 2.00

Rhine Wine, per gal. 2.00

Chateau Chateau, per gal. 2.00

Ten popular brands of Import Champagne

COOK'S IMPERIAL SECT WIN Bottom prices to the trade by the yard

A. MOL

